

North Idaho Air Quality Summary – January 2014

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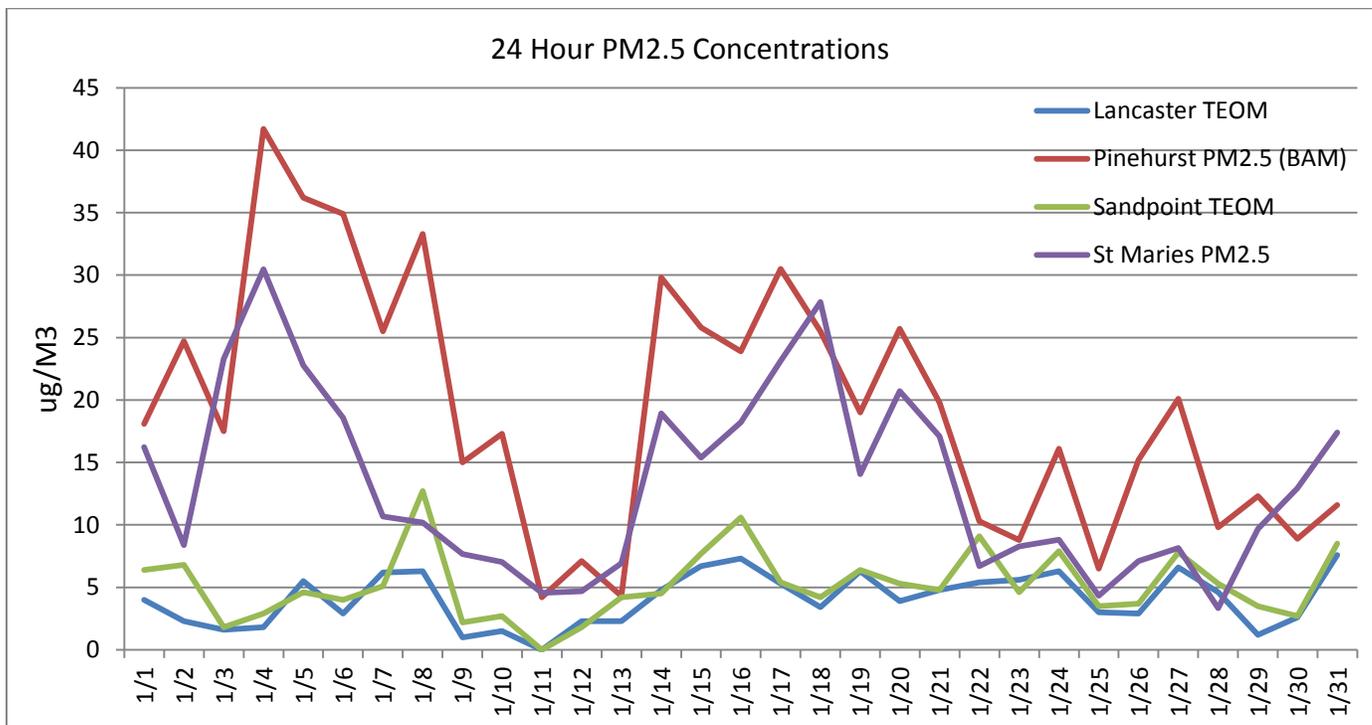
This summary of North Idaho’s air quality is compiled from the various air quality samplers located in the Department of Environmental Quality’s Coeur d’Alene Region for the month of January 2014.

The Coeur d’Alene Regional Network encompasses the counties of Boundary, Bonner, Kootenai, Shoshone, and Benewah. The data presented in this report is considered preliminary data and has not been completely evaluated for all quality assurance requirements.

PM2.5 CONTINUOUS DATA

The graph below displays the average daily 24-hour PM_{2.5} values for the month and is expressed in micrograms per cubic meter, (µg/m³). These values were calculated by averaging hourly values midnight to midnight from the agency’s PM_{2.5} TEOM and BAM samplers located in the Cities of Pinehurst, Sandpoint, and St. Maries and on Lancaster Road in Kootenai County.

In March 2013 the US EPA revised the PM_{2.5} NAAQS by lowering the annual standard to 12 µg/M³ from 15 µg/M³. The 24 hour NAAQS remains at 35 µg/M³.



The BAM at the Pinehurst site is being evaluated for use as a continuous FEM for the site. It is currently being run side by side with the 8500 FDMS at the site. The results from the two continuous FEM monitors will be compared to the filter based FRM data. Once there is enough data, the data comparisons will be evaluated and the FEM that is most like the FRM will remain at the site.

A BAM was installed in St Maries as a replacement for the 1405F TEOM. The TEOM had experienced another in a series of breakdowns and was returned to the company for testing. The BAM in St Maries will be categorized as a special use monitor and used for AQI forecasts. The St

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Maries FRM will continue to be used for NAAQS determinations. The BAM will be evaluated against the FRM data and may be categorized as a continuous FEM at some time in the future.

The table below shows the maximum 24 hour values calculated from continuous TEOM and BAM monitoring for this reporting period. The National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) for PM_{2.5} is 35 µg/m³ for a 24 hour average. The U.S. EPA approved the TEOM-FDMS as a Federal Equivalent Method (FEM) for the collection and reporting of PM_{2.5} data. In January 2011 the Coeur d'Alene Regional Office (CRO) began using a TEOM-FDMS equivalent method for NAAQS reporting from the Pinehurst monitoring station, however based on preliminary data the FDMS monitor will likely be replaced by the BAM as the NAAQS reporting instrument beginning in 2014. The CRO still uses the Federal Reference Method (FRM) filter based sample measurements at the St. Maries monitoring site to determine NAAQS compliance. Depiction of preliminary continuous monitoring data in the table below is for reporting purposes only.

Region	Highest Reading	Date
Kootenai TEOM	6.7	January 15
Pinehurst BAM	41.7	January 4
Sandpoint TEOM	12.7	January 8
St. Maries BAM	30.5	January 4

PM_{2.5} FEDERAL REFERENCE METHOD (FRM) DATA

At this time the Coeur d'Alene Regional Office of Idaho DEQ uses the Federal Reference Method Sampler (filter based) measurements for NAAQS compliance determination at the St. Maries monitoring site. This method requires that 75% of available data be collected per quarter. Other filter processing requirements are applicable to this method. The Coeur d'Alene Regional Office's collection efficiency rate for November is shown in the table below. The FRM monitor at the Pinehurst site is used for quality assurance purposes. The FRM monitor at the Lancaster site was installed for a collocation study with the TEOM at that site. The study is intended to derive a formula to be applied to the Lancaster TEOM to make reporting the data more suitable for AQI calculations.

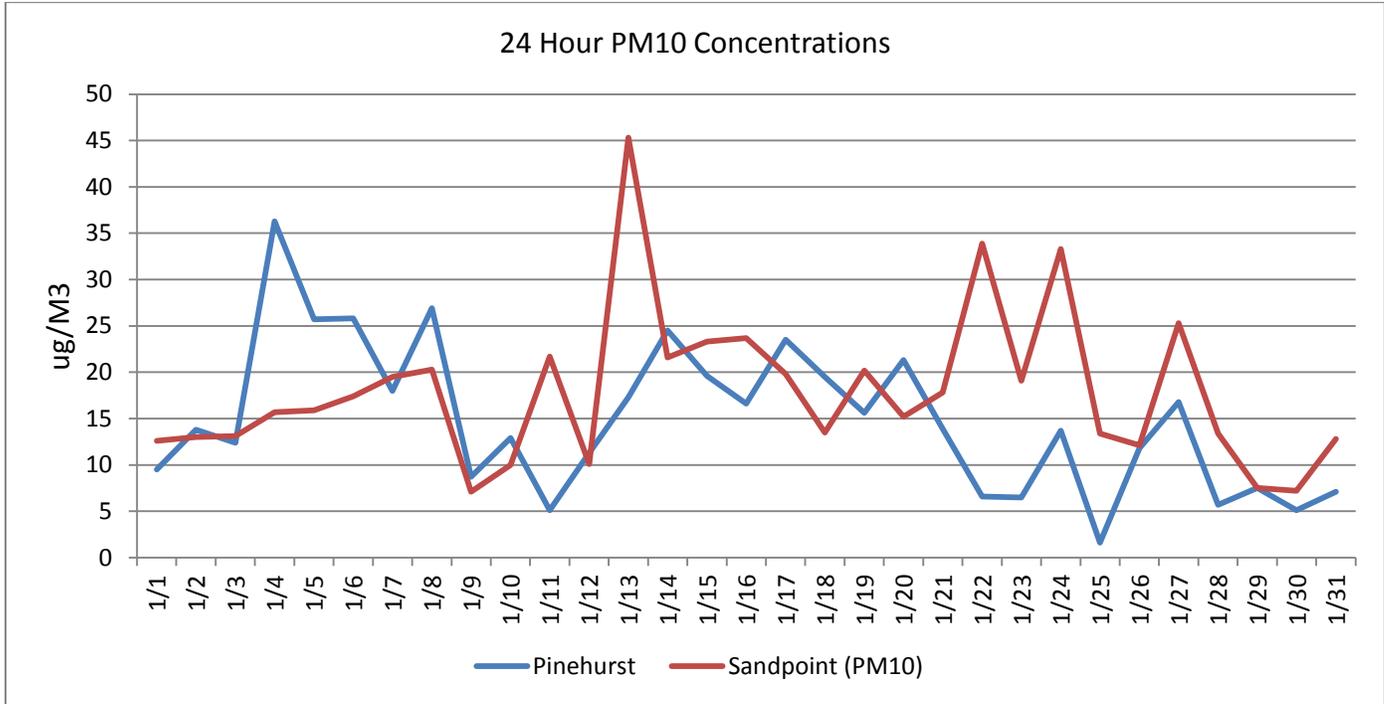
January FRM filter recovery Efficiency

Site	Sample Days	Valid Samples	Collection Percentage
Pinehurst	5	5	100%
St. Maries	5	4	80%
Lancaster	16	16	100%

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PM10 CONTINUOUS DATA

The graph below shows the 24 hour values for PM10. No apparent exceedances of the 150 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for a 24 hour average standard have occurred over this reporting period.



Air Quality Actions

The Pinehurst area had a Stage 1 Burn Ban issued for one day on January 7th due to concerns with deteriorating air quality. On January 16 the National Weather Service in Spokane issued an Air Stagnation Advisory which included most of north Idaho. The stagnate conditions were finally alleviated on January 28 when a system moved through and brought snow to the area. Although there were stagnate conditions, air quality in north Idaho remained in the Good range for most of the area with Pinehurst and St. Maries occasionally entering the Moderate range.

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NETWORK INFORMATION

The table below summarizes all active and inactive air quality samplers located within the North Idaho area during the month of January 2014.

Site	Monitor	Type	Comments	Current Status	Data Completeness
Lancaster / Rathdrum Prairie	R&P 1400A TEOM PM2.5	Continuous		Active	99%
Lancaster / Rathdrum Prairie	Meteorological Tower	Continuous		Active	99%
Lancaster / Rathdrum Prairie	Thermo Model 2025 FRM PM2.5	Filter		Active	100%
St. Maries	PM2.5 BAM	Continuous		Active	98%
St. Maries	Thermo 1405 FDMS PM2.5	Continuous		Inactive	NA
St. Maries	Thermo Model 2025 FRM PM2.5	Filter		Active	80%
Pinehurst	R&P 8500 FDMS TEOM PM2.5	Continuous		Active	99%
Pinehurst	Thermo Model 2025 FRM PM2.5	Filter		Active	100%
Pinehurst	PM2.5 BAM	Continuous		Active	99%
Pinehurst	R&P 1400AB TEOM PM10	Continuous		Active	99%
Pinehurst	Meteorological Tower	Continuous		Active	100%
Sandpoint U of I Extension Office	Meteorological Tower	Continuous		Active	97%
Sandpoint U of I Extension Office	R&P 1400A TEOM PM2.5	Continuous		Active	100%
Sandpoint U of I Extension Office	R&P 1400AB TEOM PM10	Continuous		Active	99%
Lakes Management Plan	Meteorological Tower	Continuous		Active	100%
3 Meter G C Met	Meteorological Tower	Continuous		Active	97%
Porthill International Border Site	Radiance Research Nephelometer /wind speed & direction	Continuous	CRB Seasonal	Inactive	NA
Athol	Radiance Research Nephelometer	Continuous	CRB Seasonal	Inactive	NA
Mt. Hall School	Radiance Research Nephelometer	Continuous	CRB Seasonal	Inactive	NA
Garwood Elementary	Radiance Research Nephelometer	Continuous	CRB Seasonal	Inactive	NA

During January, 15 of 15 active samplers achieved 75% or greater data completeness.

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AIR QUALITY INDEX

The air quality index is a tool used to convey information to the public regarding local levels of air pollution and the associated health concerns. These levels are depicted in the table below.

Air Quality Index (AQI): Particle Pollution

Index Values	Levels of Health Concern	Cautionary Statements
0-50	Good	None
51-100	Moderate	Unusually sensitive people should consider reducing prolonged or heavy exertion outdoors.
101-150	Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups	People with heart or lung disease, older adults, and children should reduce prolonged or heavy exertion outdoors.
151-200	Unhealthy	People with heart or lung disease, older adults, and children should avoid prolonged or heavy exertion outdoors. Everyone else should reduce prolonged or heavy exertion.
201-300	Very Unhealthy	People with heart or lung disease, older adults, and children should avoid all physical activity outdoors. Everyone else should avoid prolonged or heavy exertion.
301-500	Hazardous	People with heart or lung disease, older adults, and children should remain indoors and keep activity levels low. Everyone else should avoid all physical activity outdoors.

Below is a table showing the total weekday Air Quality Index (AQI) values for each of the reporting cities located in North Idaho for this reporting month. Differences in totals were due to sampler down time. In March 2013 the US EPA revised the PM2.5 NAAQS by lowering the annual standard to 12.0 ug/M³ from 15.0 ug/M³. Because of this change in the NAAQS the breakpoints between AQI categories have also been modified. It is likely the revised NAAQS and subsequent AQI revision will result in additional moderate AQI days reported in North Idaho on an annual basis.

January 2014

Coeur d'Alene	Pinehurst	Sandpoint	St. Maries
Green = 21	Green = 6	Green = 20	Green = 12
Yellow = 0	Yellow = 14	Yellow = 1	Yellow = 9
Orange = 0	Orange = 1	Orange = 0	Orange = 0
Red = 0	Red = 0	Red = 0	Red = 0

2013 YEAR TO DATE AQI TOTALS

Coeur d'Alene	Pinehurst	Sandpoint	St. Maries
Green = 21 (100%)	Green = 6 (29%)	Green = 20(95%)	Green = 12 (57%)
Yellow = 0	Yellow = 14 (66%)	Yellow = 1 (5%)	Yellow = 9 (43%)
Orange = 0	Orange = 1 (5%)	Orange = 0	Orange = 0
Red = 0	Red = 0	Red = 0	Red = 0

For further information about air quality in Idaho and the northwest region visit the following sites on the Internet or contact Ralph Paul, Coeur d'Alene Region Airshed Coordinator, at 208-769-1422.

<http://www.deq.idaho.gov/>

<http://www.deq.idaho.gov/daily-air-quality-reports-forecasts>

www.airnow.gov/index.cfm?action=airnow.fcsummary&stateid=16